

## Supplementary Materials

“Survey data yields improved estimates of test-confirmed COVID-19 cases when rapid at-home tests were massively distributed in the United States”

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## Methods

### Precise wording of questions on survey about COVID-19 infections:

**Question 1.** Have you been tested for coronavirus (COVID-19)?

- Yes, and I tested positive for COVID-19 at least once
- Yes, and I tested negative for COVID-19 every time
- No, I wanted to but was not able to get a test
- No, I never tried to get tested

If answer is yes for Question 1, then:

**Question 2.** In which months of 2020 were you sick? (Please select all that apply)

- January 2020
- February 2020
- March 2020
- ...
- December 2022

We highlight the fact that when we first conceived the set of COVID-19 infection questions in our survey, the biology behind potential COVID-19 re-infections was not clearly understood (and thus not fully expected) and rapid at-home tests were not available. Over time, both the availability of rapid tests became ubiquitous and the fact that people could be re-infected (more than once) became a reality. **We chose to maintain temporal consistency in our survey and did not change the phrasing of the COVID-19 infections questions.** When repeat infections occurred due to new variants, a new test should have been expected to be associated with the timing of a new infection. In short, in this study, we treat the month in which symptoms appeared as the month of a positive COVID-19 case, irrespective of the test status for those specific symptoms (given that the test status was only queried in terms of ever having tested positive).

### Recruitment of repeat respondents

The recruitment process for repeat respondents could bias our study. We note, however, that repeat respondents were not aware that this was the same survey when they were recruited in a subsequent wave. In order to assess the effect of this potential bias, however, we obtained estimates of unreported infections by removing repeat participants (about 16% of the sample) completely. The result of this process, as highlighted later in this document (Supplementary materials) was that generally, our results remain consistent with all the statements throughout our study.

### AAPOR guidelines

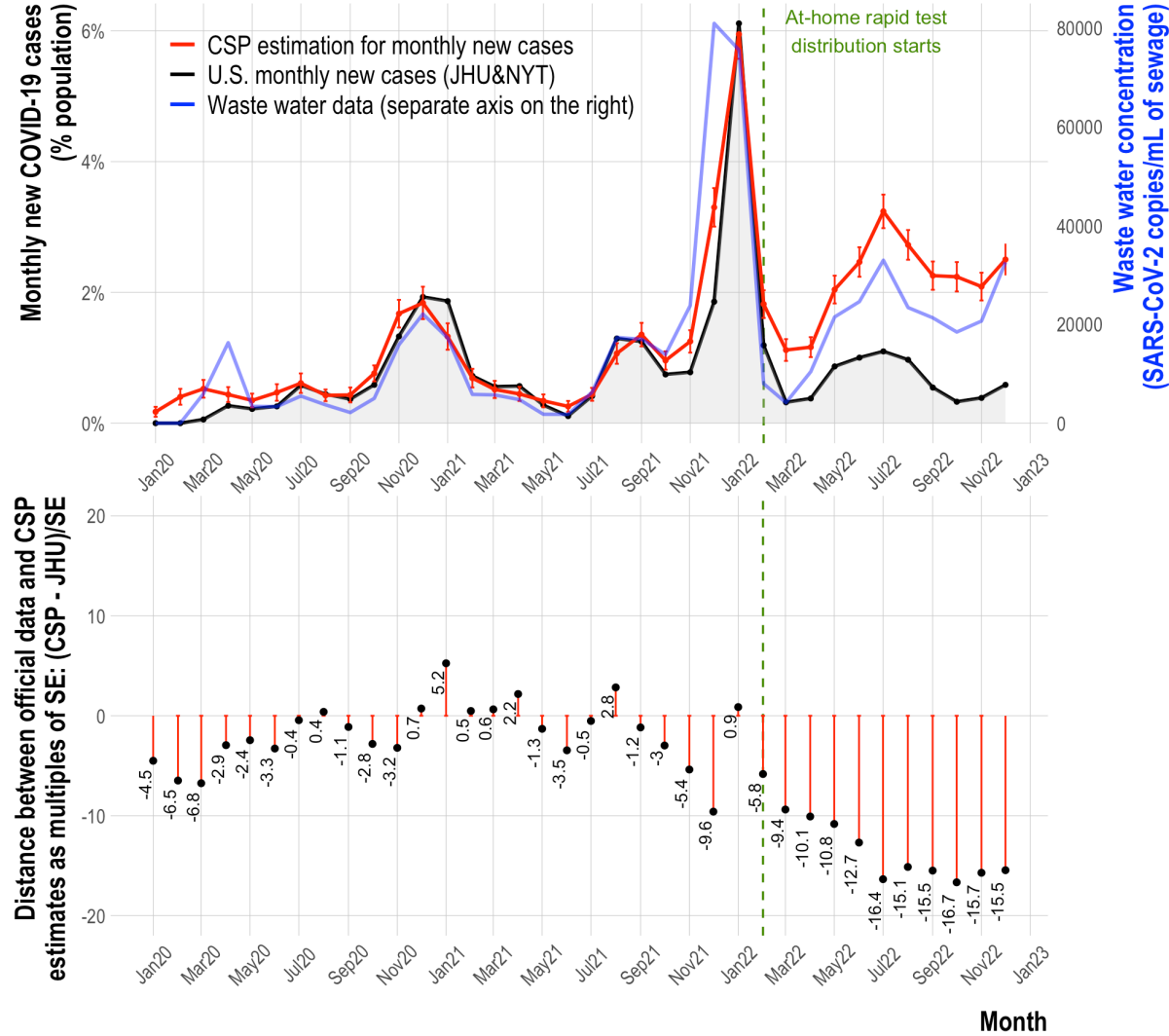
One of the canonical pieces of information provided in survey research in probability samples is the response rate, as detailed in the AAPOR guidelines. Yet, as an AAPOR report explains, “In non-probability samples, the denominator for the ratio may not be known, therefore it is not always possible to produce response rates as traditionally defined by AAPOR and other

professional standards bodies”<sup>1</sup>. We now report two metrics to better inform our readers: 1) the percentage of people who passed our data quality screeners, and 2) the break-off rate or the percentage of people who started but did not complete the survey. Specifically, across all of our survey waves, between 5% and 31% have been disqualified for quality, on average the percent is 23%. Across all our survey waves, 11% to 25% of those who start have dropped out, the average being 17%.

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<sup>1</sup> Reg Baker, J. Michael Brick, Nancy A. Bates, Mike Battaglia, Mick P. Couper, Jill A. Dever, Krista J. Gile, Roger Tourangeau, Summary Report of the AAPOR Task Force on Non-probability Sampling, *Journal of Survey Statistics and Methodology*, Volume 1, Issue 2, November 2013, Pages 90–143, <https://doi.org/10.1093/jssam/smt008>

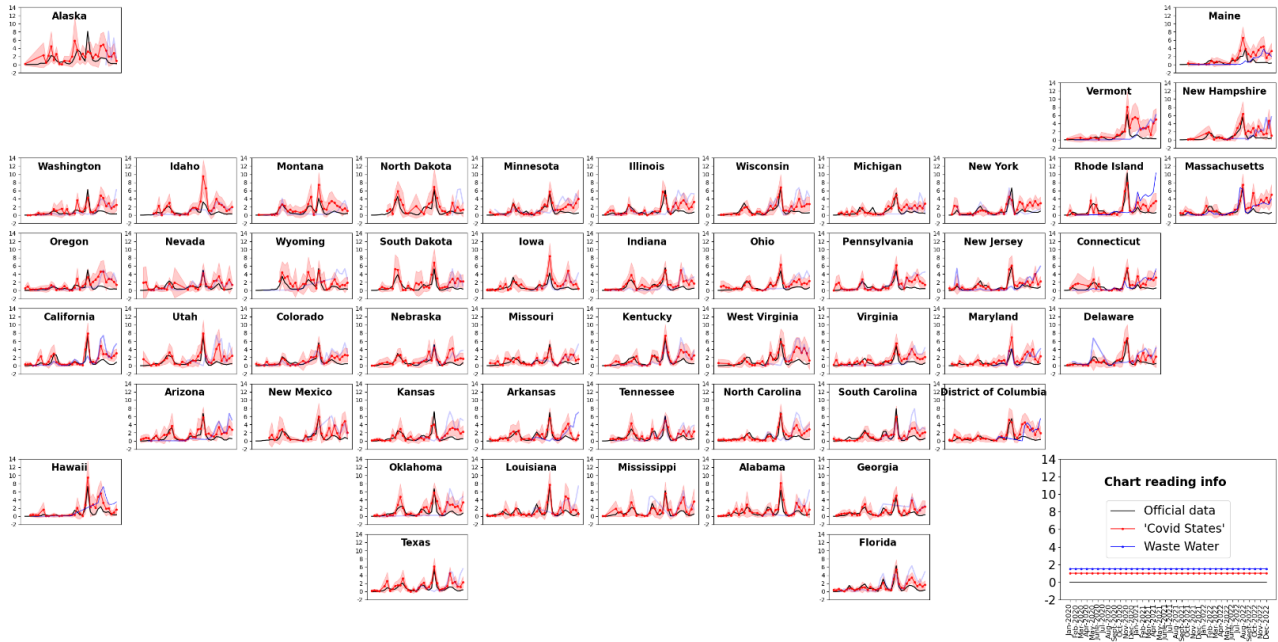
**Results**



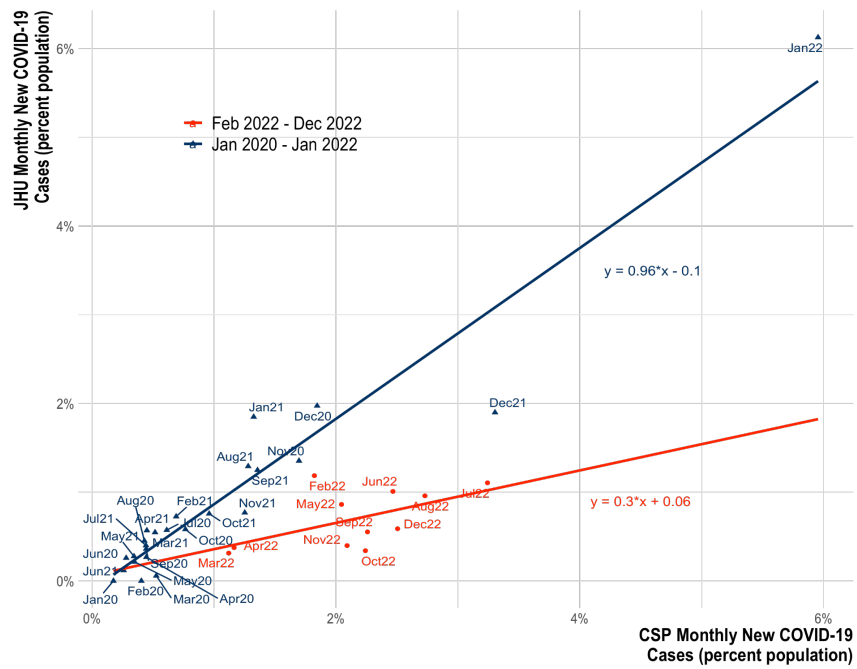
**Figure S1. Top panel:** The percent of respondents in our survey (CSP) who reported having a confirmed COVID-19 infection in each month is shown in red, the institutionally reported percent of individuals infected in each month as monitored by JHU is shown in black, and the wastewater viral concentration of SARS-CoV-2 is shown in blue. A vertical green dashed line shows the time when at-home rapid test were widely delivered in February 2022. **Bottom panel:** differences between CSP and JHU new monthly infections as multiples of the standard error (of means) of the CSP estimates.

Period	CSP-JHU	WW-CSP	JHU-WW
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	0.882 (SD = 0.073)	0.614 (SD = 0.374)	0.652 (SD = 0.290)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	0.48 (SD = 0.227)	0.470 (SD = 0.314)	0.146 (SD = 0.322)

**Table S1.** Average Pearson correlation for all US states between survey test-confirmed infections estimates (CSP), Institutionally reported COVID-19 (JHU), and Wastewater SARS-CoV-2 viral concentrations (WW) in two time periods.

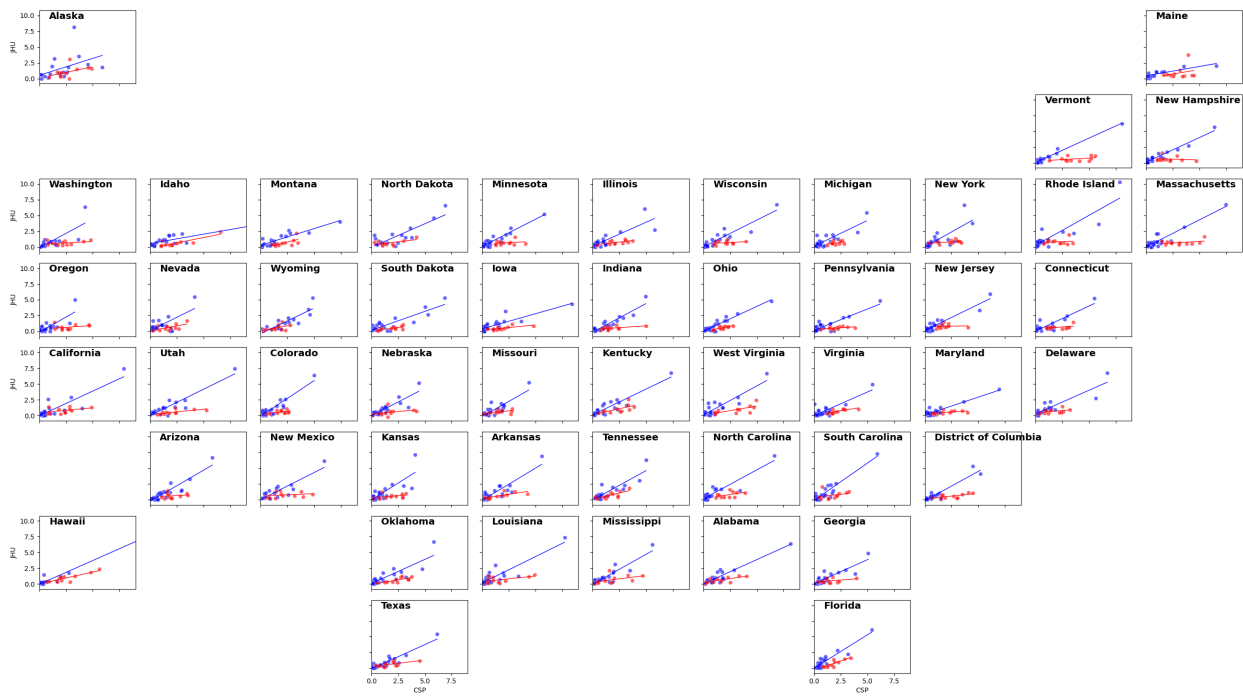


**Figure S2:** COVID-19 case estimates from CSP data (with confidence intervals, in red), concentrations of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater (blue), and institutional confirmed cases from JHU (black) for all US states. For Waste water concentrations, darker blue colors indicate the presence of higher numbers of observation stations and thus, more robust estimates.



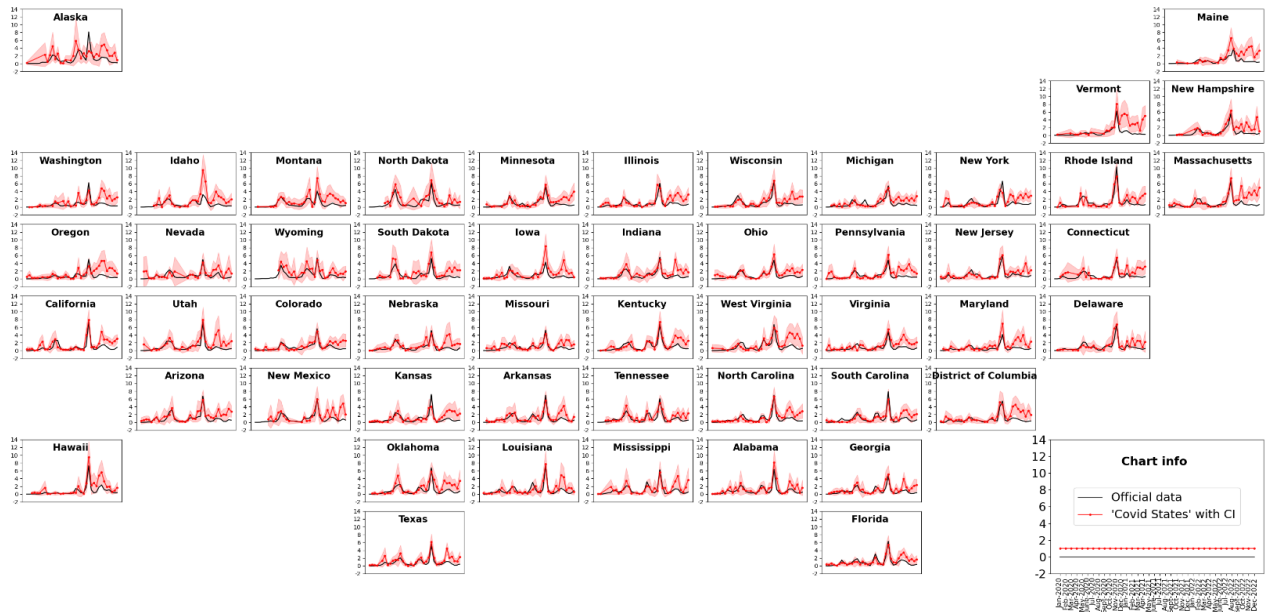
**Figure S3.** Scatter plots of JHU COVID-19 infections vs CSP infections from April 2020 to January 2022 was used for training (blue) and from February 2022 to January 2023 (red). Individually fitted linear regressions for both time periods and their equations are included. Using the regression on the time period from April 2020 to January 2022 as our **interrupted time series** approach, we calculated the infections that would have been observed in the JHU data during the time period February 2022 to January 2023, had rapid at-home tests not been widely distributed and JHU surveillance had not been dramatically reduced.

CSP and JHU missing case comparison in pre- and post- Rapid Antigen Tests

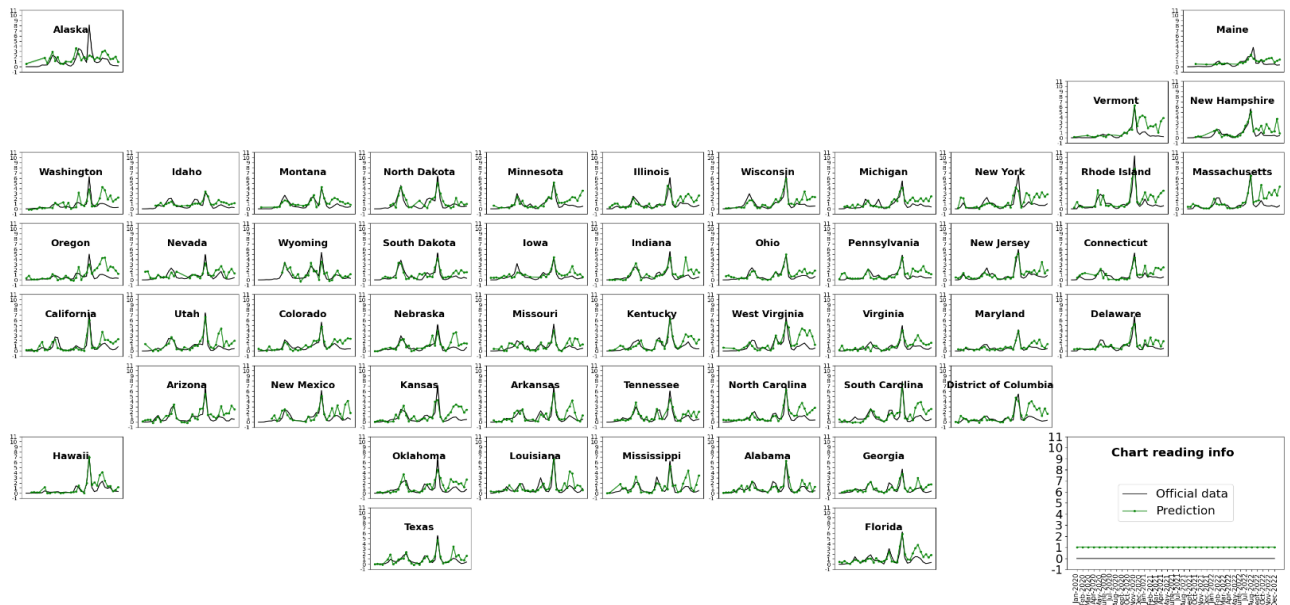


**Figure S4.** Scatter plots of JHU COVID-19 infections vs CSP infections from April 2020 to January 2022 was used for training (blue) and from February 2022 to January 2023 (red) at the State-level (Similar to Figure S3). Individually fitted linear regressions for both time periods and their equations are included. Using the regression on the time period from April 2020 to January 2022 as our **interrupted time series** approach, we calculated the infections that would have been observed in the JHU data during the time period February 2022 to January 2023, had rapid at-home tests not been widely distributed and JHU surveillance had not been dramatically reduced.

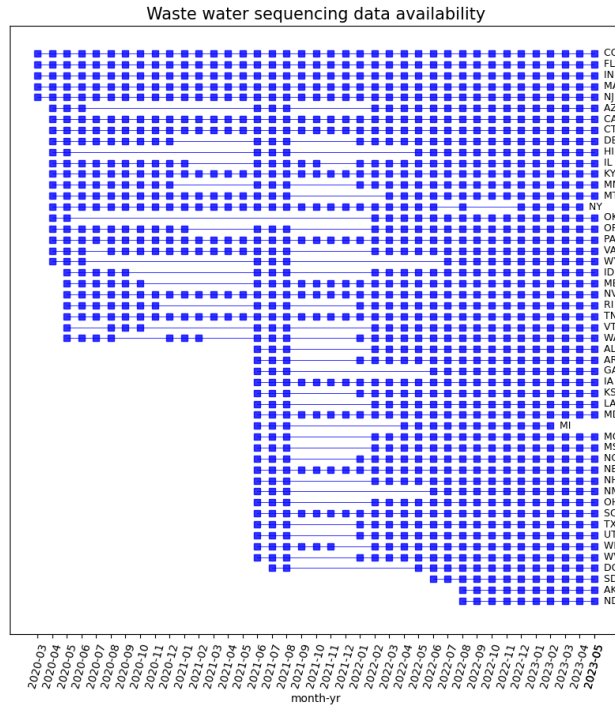
## State-wise case estimation and data volume



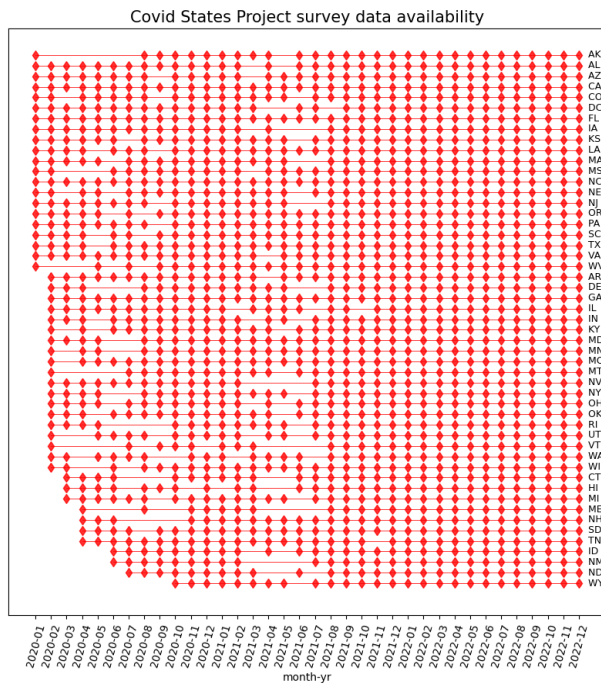
**Figure S5:** COVID-19 case estimates from Covid States Project data (with confidence interval) and official data source for all states



**Figure S6:** *Interrupted time-series approach:* COVID-19 case estimates from JHU (black) and predictions using interrupted linear regression relating official source and Covid States Project for all states during April 2020 and January 2022.



**Figure S7:** Data availability from Biobot’s wastewater sequencing per month in each state. Months with no data has been left blank and those with data has been marked with blue squares.



**Figure S8:** Data availability from COVID states project survey per month in each state. Months with no data has been left blank and those with data has been marked with red circles.

**Table S2** State-level pairwise Pearson correlation and p-values between survey test-confirmed infections estimates (CSP), Institutionally reported COVID-19 (JHU), and Wastewater SARS-CoV-2 viral concentrations (WW) in three time periods.

	state	CSP - JHU	WW - CSP	JHU - WW
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	CO	0.7236 (p = 2e-06)	0.7583 (p = 0.0)	0.3163 (p = 0.072877)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	CO	0.9151 (p = 0.0)	0.8679 (p = 0.0)	0.7713 (p = 2.6e-05)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	CO	0.0624 (p = 0.855307)	0.6247 (p = 0.039877)	-0.0931 (p = 0.785523)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	FL	0.7779 (p = 0.0)	0.781 (p = 0.0)	0.4276 (p = 0.013055)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	FL	0.9332 (p = 0.0)	0.771 (p = 2.7e-05)	0.741 (p = 8e-05)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	FL	0.8204 (p = 0.001977)	0.8227 (p = 0.001874)	0.5378 (p = 0.087921)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	IN	0.7062 (p = 4e-06)	0.5331 (p = 0.001403)	0.0528 (p = 0.770285)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	IN	0.9233 (p = 0.0)	0.7829 (p = 1.7e-05)	0.811 (p = 5e-06)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	IN	0.473 (p = 0.141719)	0.6645 (p = 0.025714)	0.5626 (p = 0.071605)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MA	0.6321 (p = 7.9e-05)	0.852 (p = 0.0)	0.6843 (p = 1.1e-05)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MA	0.9425 (p = 0.0)	0.868 (p = 0.0)	0.8645 (p = 0.0)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MA	0.3776 (p = 0.252319)	0.7323 (p = 0.010383)	-0.0626 (p = 0.854949)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NJ	0.805 (p = 0.0)	0.3883 (p = 0.025526)	0.0624 (p = 0.730301)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NJ	0.9414 (p = 0.0)	0.2781 (p = 0.21008)	0.2159 (p = 0.334449)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NJ	0.0577 (p = 0.8662)	0.4139 (p = 0.205712)	0.042 (p = 0.902506)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	CA	0.752 (p = 0.0)	0.5897 (p = 0.000305)	0.2327 (p = 0.192554)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	CA	0.865 (p = 0.0)	0.7254 (p = 0.000133)	0.7878 (p = 1.3e-05)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	CA	0.414 (p = 0.205536)	0.8567 (p = 0.000757)	0.5687 (p = 0.067881)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	CT	0.6849 (p = 1.1e-05)	0.5595 (p = 0.000712)	0.0747 (p = 0.679505)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	CT	0.874 (p = 0.0)	0.5454 (p = 0.008662)	0.5765 (p = 0.004978)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	CT	0.4207 (p = 0.197546)	0.522 (p = 0.099571)	-0.0726 (p = 0.83195)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	KY	0.7944 (p = 0.0)	0.7994 (p = 0.0)	0.4976 (p = 0.003215)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	KY	0.9165 (p = 0.0)	0.9133 (p = 0.0)	0.8949 (p = 0.0)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	KY	0.6155 (p = 0.043819)	0.7627 (p = 0.006336)	0.3957 (p = 0.228368)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	PA	0.715 (p = 3e-06)	0.7822 (p = 0.0)	0.3884 (p = 0.025489)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	PA	0.954 (p = 0.0)	0.8659 (p = 0.0)	0.8317 (p = 2e-06)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	PA	0.502 (p = 0.115618)	0.4562 (p = 0.158407)	0.2932 (p = 0.381495)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NV	0.5962 (p = 0.000251)	0.8064 (p = 0.0)	0.7173 (p = 3e-06)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NV	0.8533 (p = 0.0)	0.8077 (p = 5e-06)	0.8529 (p = 0.0)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NV	0.5533 (p = 0.077471)	0.8126 (p = 0.002367)	0.4995 (p = 0.117759)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	TN	0.7889 (p = 0.0)	0.6269 (p = 9.5e-05)	0.5667 (p = 0.000585)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	TN	0.8602 (p = 0.0)	0.7261 (p = 0.00013)	0.8706 (p = 0.0)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	TN	0.7364 (p = 0.009749)	0.4238 (p = 0.19395)	0.2652 (p = 0.430663)

Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NY	0.5794 (p = 0.00041)	0.4821 (p = 0.004498)	0.6896 (p = 9e-06)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NY	0.8133 (p = 4e-06)	0.7915 (p = 1.1e-05)	0.6958 (p = 0.000323)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NY	0.4346 (p = 0.181646)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	IL	0.6639 (p = 2.5e-05)	0.4203 (p = 0.014888)	-0.0391 (p = 0.828884)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	IL	0.8307 (p = 2e-06)	-0.0372 (p = 0.869481)	0.1542 (p = 0.493137)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	IL	0.6073 (p = 0.047527)	0.5006 (p = 0.116792)	0.3405 (p = 0.305485)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MT	0.7966 (p = 0.0)	0.1044 (p = 0.563299)	0.0601 (p = 0.739731)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MT	0.9095 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MT	0.6307 (p = 0.037483)	-0.4499 (p = 0.165025)	-0.4599 (p = 0.154633)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	VA	0.679 (p = 1.4e-05)	0.4774 (p = 0.004958)	-0.0232 (p = 0.897852)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	VA	0.8535 (p = 0.0)	-0.3065 (p = 0.165369)	0.0564 (p = 0.803179)
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	VA	0.7241 (p = 0.011743)	0.4751 (p = 0.139761)	0.1832 (p = 0.589743)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	ME	0.5703 (p = 0.000531)	0.6131 (p = 0.000148)	0.0276 (p = 0.878888)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	ME	Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	ME	0.2653 (p = 0.430362)	0.2518 (p = 0.455069)	-0.4202 (p = 0.198149)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	DE	0.7908 (p = 0.0)	0.1926 (p = 0.282968)	0.0551 (p = 0.760699)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	DE	0.8957 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	DE	0.4068 (p = 0.214426)	0.4697 (p = 0.144952)	0.3762 (p = 0.254185)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MN	0.6939 (p = 8e-06)	0.4326 (p = 0.011913)	-0.1146 (p = 0.525347)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MN	0.9526 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MN	0.2159 (p = 0.523648)	0.3322 (p = 0.318164)	-0.1257 (p = 0.71262)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	OR	0.4321 (p = 0.012034)	0.6671 (p = 2.2e-05)	-0.0153 (p = 0.93258)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	OR	0.7893 (p = 1.3e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	OR	0.3145 (p = 0.346187)	0.4303 (p = 0.18647)	0.0012 (p = 0.997249)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	RI	0.7828 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	RI	0.9012 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	RI	0.1323 (p = 0.698122)	0.8303 (p = 0.001555)	-0.0747 (p = 0.827154)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	WA	0.5164 (p = 0.002096)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	WA	0.7744 (p = 2.3e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	WA	0.2944 (p = 0.379483)	0.6755 (p = 0.022531)	-0.1275 (p = 0.708757)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	ID	0.7438 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	ID	0.8119 (p = 4e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	ID	0.8588 (p = 0.00071)	0.3319 (p = 0.318764)	-0.0347 (p = 0.919299)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	IA	0.7188 (p = 2e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	IA	0.8597 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	IA	0.6457 (p = 0.031862)	0.329 (p = 0.323265)	0.0882 (p = 0.796618)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MD	0.7618 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MD	0.9291 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MD	0.3351 (p = 0.313778)	0.4576 (p = 0.156968)	-0.024 (p = 0.944097)

Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NE	0.6265 (p = 9.6e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NE	0.8651 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NE	0.3343 (p = 0.315053)	0.5225 (p = 0.099164)	0.0034 (p = 0.992116)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	SC	0.7537 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	SC	0.934 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	SC	0.4875 (p = 0.128272)	0.9071 (p = 0.000116)	0.6123 (p = 0.045226)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	VT	0.6307 (p = 8.3e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	VT	Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	VT	0.3524 (p = 0.287882)	-0.2982 (p = 0.373104)	-0.7811 (p = 0.004536)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	AZ	0.7387 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	AZ	0.9103 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	AZ	0.1653 (p = 0.627195)	0.8001 (p = 0.003103)	0.1438 (p = 0.673149)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	WI	0.7765 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	WI	0.9215 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	WI	0.2774 (p = 0.408833)	0.8324 (p = 0.001475)	0.1852 (p = 0.585717)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	AR	0.7431 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	AR	0.8834 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	AR	0.758 (p = 0.006871)	-0.0763 (p = 0.823611)	-0.1209 (p = 0.723271)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	KS	0.5675 (p = 0.000573)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	KS	0.7957 (p = 1e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	KS	0.3634 (p = 0.271923)	0.7607 (p = 0.006563)	0.4189 (p = 0.19967)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NC	0.7245 (p = 2e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NC	0.9219 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NC	0.463 (p = 0.151521)	0.7768 (p = 0.00492)	0.353 (p = 0.286984)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	TX	0.8047 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	TX	0.9207 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	TX	0.6588 (p = 0.0275)	0.6221 (p = 0.040975)	0.2459 (p = 0.466065)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	UT	0.7591 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	UT	0.9447 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	UT	0.7162 (p = 0.01316)	0.5196 (p = 0.10138)	0.6158 (p = 0.04368)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	WV	0.6368 (p = 6.8e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	WV	0.8918 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	WV	0.6785 (p = 0.021709)	0.57 (p = 0.067144)	0.2239 (p = 0.508015)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	AL	0.8425 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	AL	0.9297 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	AL	0.7204 (p = 0.012402)	0.092 (p = 0.787884)	0.1043 (p = 0.760276)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	LA	0.7408 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	LA	0.8853 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	LA	0.5568 (p = 0.075228)	0.2716 (p = 0.419066)	0.4731 (p = 0.14164)

Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MS	0.6914 (p = 8e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MS	0.8956 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MS	0.4599 (p = 0.15463)	0.7206 (p = 0.012353)	0.3361 (p = 0.312168)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MO	0.6598 (p = 3e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MO	0.8221 (p = 3e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MO	0.4917 (p = 0.124541)	0.428 (p = 0.189073)	0.1276 (p = 0.708419)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NH	0.7256 (p = 2e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NH	0.9665 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NH	-0.1571 (p = 0.644551)	-0.2385 (p = 0.479942)	-0.3909 (p = 0.234609)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	OH	0.8445 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	OH	0.9667 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	OH	0.7766 (p = 0.004939)	0.6322 (p = 0.036889)	0.4867 (p = 0.128978)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	HI	0.9004 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	HI	0.9731 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	HI	0.8599 (p = 0.000687)	0.348 (p = 0.294342)	0.4845 (p = 0.131016)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	OK	0.6894 (p = 9e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	OK	0.8422 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	OK	0.7484 (p = 0.008058)	0.3519 (p = 0.288587)	0.5257 (p = 0.096757)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	WY	0.827 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	WY	Insufficient data	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	WY	0.5097 (p = 0.109263)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	DC	0.6422 (p = 5.6e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	DC	0.9274 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	DC	0.6751 (p = 0.022638)	0.3331 (p = 0.316836)	-0.1383 (p = 0.685046)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	GA	0.7048 (p = 5e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	GA	0.8661 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	GA	0.3228 (p = 0.332991)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	NM	0.6437 (p = 5.3e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	NM	0.8884 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	NM	0.2396 (p = 0.477896)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	MI	0.6783 (p = 1.4e-05)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	MI	0.85 (p = 1e-06)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	MI	0.2704 (p = 0.421342)	0.0894 (p = 0.793821)	-0.1524 (p = 0.654552)
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	SD	0.7891 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	SD	0.8654 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	SD	0.6975 (p = 0.017039)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)	AK	0.4565 (p = 0.007577)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)	AK	0.517 (p = 0.013735)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)	AK	0.5216 (p = 0.099878)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data

<b>Apr 2020 – Jan 2023 (full data)</b>	ND	0.8262 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
<b>Apr 2020 – Jan 2022 (pre-rapid test period)</b>	ND	0.8735 (p = 0.0)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data
<b>Feb 2022 – Jan 2023 (rapid test period)</b>	ND	0.6444 (p = 0.032354)	Insufficient data	Insufficient data

**Table S3 Monthly observed COVID-19 cases estimated from survey data for the multiple survey deployments.**

Month	Corresponding contemporaneous wave	Fielding date	Sample Size	CSP Confirmed COVID cases estimate (% population (SE))	Conf int (±)	Official new cases (% population)	Monthly observed wastewater virus copies (SARS-CoV-2 copies / mL of sewage)
1/1/20	W5	06/12/20 - 06/28/20	22905	0.17 (0.04)	0.08	0	0
2/1/20	W5	06/12/20 - 06/28/20	22905	0.4 (0.06)	0.12	0	4.351
3/1/20	W5	06/12/20 - 06/28/20	22905	0.53 (0.07)	0.14	0.057	5964.138
4/1/20	W5	06/12/20 - 06/28/20	22905	0.44 (0.06)	0.11	0.267	16286.723
5/1/20	W5	06/12/20 - 06/28/20	22905	0.35 (0.05)	0.1	0.218	3403.032
6/1/20	W9	08/07/20 - 08/26/20	21496	0.47 (0.06)	0.13	0.257	3350.295
7/1/20	W9	08/07/20 - 08/26/20	21496	0.61 (0.08)	0.15	0.578	5485.554
8/1/20	W10	09/04/20 - 09/30/20	23050	0.43 (0.05)	0.09	0.444	3713.291
9/1/20	W11	10/02/20 - 10/23/20	19570	0.43 (0.06)	0.11	0.367	2158.504
10/1/20	W13	11/03/20 - 11/30/20	26642	0.76 (0.06)	0.12	0.586	5015.679
11/1/20	W14	12/16/20 - 01/10/21	26113	1.67 (0.11)	0.21	1.327	15875.933
12/1/20	W16	02/05/21 - 02/28/21	23348	1.84 (0.13)	0.25	1.931	22093.742
1/1/21	W16	02/05/21 - 02/28/21	23348	1.33 (0.10)	0.2	1.867	17244.19
2/1/21	W17	04/01/21 - 05/03/21	23718	0.69 (0.07)	0.14	0.724	5824.943
3/1/21	W17	04/01/21 - 05/03/21	23718	0.52 (0.07)	0.13	0.559	5721.44
4/1/21	W18	06/09/21 - 07/15/21	22275	0.45 (0.06)	0.11	0.567	4763.132
5/1/21	W18	06/09/21 - 07/15/21	22275	0.34 (0.05)	0.1	0.276	1804.246
6/1/21	W19	08/26/21 - 09/27/21	23938	0.26 (0.04)	0.08	0.109	1792.336
7/1/21	W19	08/26/21 - 09/27/21	23938	0.44 (0.05)	0.1	0.415	6299.917
8/1/21	W19	08/26/21 - 09/27/21	23938	1.07 (0.08)	0.16	1.295	17335.669
9/1/21	W20	11/03/21 - 12/02/21	24623	1.35 (0.09)	0.18	1.247	16999.981
10/1/21	W20	11/03/21 - 12/02/21	24623	0.96 (0.07)	0.14	0.746	13916.669
11/1/21	W21	12/22/21 - 01/24/22	25358	1.25 (0.09)	0.17	0.779	23814.523
12/1/21	W22	03/02/22 - 04/09/22	23376	3.3 (0.15)	0.29	1.858	80914.958
1/1/22	W22	03/02/22 - 04/09/22	23376	5.95 (0.19)	0.38	6.114	75543.053
2/1/22	W22	03/02/22 - 04/09/22	23376	1.82 (0.11)	0.21	1.191	7985.319
3/1/22	W23	06/08/22 - 07/05/22	24625	1.12 (0.09)	0.17	0.32	4155.093
4/1/22	W23	06/08/22 - 07/05/22	24625	1.16 (0.08)	0.15	0.378	10418.822
5/1/22	W23	06/08/22 - 07/05/22	24625	2.04 (0.11)	0.21	0.868	21505.548
6/1/22	W24	08/11/22 - 09/11/22	26557	2.46 (0.12)	0.23	1.002	24605.985
7/1/22	W24	08/11/22 - 09/11/22	26557	3.24 (0.13)	0.26	1.098	32976.992

8/1/22	W25	10/06/22 - 11/09/22	25964	2.73 (0.12)	0.23	0.97	23397.223
9/1/22	W25	10/06/22 - 11/09/22	25964	2.26 (0.11)	0.22	0.545	21324.956
10/1/22	W26	12/22/22 - 01/17/23	24957	2.24 (0.11)	0.22	0.328	18449.675
11/1/22	W26	12/22/22 - 01/17/23	24957	2.09 (0.11)	0.21	0.386	20673.142
12/1/22	W26	12/22/22 - 01/17/23	24957	2.5 (0.12)	0.24	0.586	32559.616

**Table S4:** The differences in number of cases recorded during the period after rapid tests were deployed on ground (Feb'22 to Dec'22) between Official data source (New York Times) and Covid States survey and prediction obtained by training a linear regression using Covid states.

	state	CSP to Official difference in cases	Prediction to Official difference in cases
0	AL	526990.2407286850	339167.7661272380
1	AK	130722.77686534600	70925.83735815010
2	AZ	1163460.812393650	939389.6976879230
3	AR	331598.5153564970	310298.39594262800
4	CA	6333548.762619290	3956958.538897410
5	CO	709087.9785993950	649805.9267643760
6	CT	582022.3111240730	421152.6409606460
7	DE	114836.66901829700	94628.34574050710
8	DC	146331.68562350000	123482.81987125900
9	FL	2649599.595303260	3024054.5740217500
10	GA	1281834.23527784	847755.7283917550
11	HI	254350.86896302200	143971.60473489300
12	ID	373036.4852108260	133555.09081505300
13	IL	2160972.25154087	1596224.6016380500
14	IN	1046717.0746397500	819152.6839750710
15	IA	498271.9393265960	283134.3278201050
16	KS	435905.8917539130	469177.11598783900
17	KY	669161.2321769830	527628.9195764120
18	LA	528896.3040216120	467074.23265232600

19	ME	330705.8162441610	70882.51071924790
20	MD	990107.8256367590	437804.18152309500
21	MA	1879799.094044760	1556633.1033855300
22	MI	1494072.052463090	1234583.1526418400
23	MN	987538.7609220750	852918.7782339500
24	MS	390256.87324185500	349246.0755054090
25	MO	661258.7671207210	499102.54315186600
26	MT	185205.11935427600	95067.28512833800
27	NE	275152.0241479130	215930.52934384500
28	NV	394434.1017132090	307211.98362026000
29	NH	240680.32445473500	182951.9719613760
30	NJ	1126418.2797025100	916286.2946430220
31	NM	362858.2912353530	293250.7174076290
32	NY	3370318.1461734700	3113796.2989901000
33	NC	1743489.3303337700	1705378.2399059200
34	ND	81468.70089653900	42395.14151424800
35	OH	1580612.9193829400	1101912.833284720
36	OK	773118.397172827	557320.7748654880
37	OR	970239.3458168210	855289.4586586090
38	PA	2273632.831496540	1519336.359492450
39	RI	156100.9546575740	173908.50290833200
40	SC	611823.517653686	792150.9439946130
41	SD	133829.881385874	77775.3258424032
42	TN	717906.5104187630	552970.7700769660
43	TX	3700810.7438716500	2104511.527014770
44	UT	610019.1389372450	473928.36431214400
45	VT	220597.6522698980	163321.01305611200
46	VA	1474063.6320805200	932795.0678966490

47	WA	1440193.745535710	1159384.3790950000
48	WV	405224.1315189560	375163.860850622
49	WI	902308.1077957830	719750.8848672150
50	WY	59558.02379955020	16852.325126042100

**Table S5: Number of state-level unreported infection per 100,000 individuals as calculated from survey data.**

State	Unreported cases pre-rapid test (per 100,000)	Unreported cases post-rapid test (per 100,000)	State's population
VT	3,528	34,171	645,570
MA	3,080	26,913	6,984,723
ME	6,556	24,100	1,372,247
OR	3,916	22,850	4,246,155
WV	576	22,728	1,782,959
DC	5,193	21,715	670,050
ID	11,914	19,625	1,900,923
OK	5,542	19,393	3,986,639
WA	4,022	18,662	7,738,692
UT	5,211	18,280	3,337,975
AK	7,569	18,065	732,673
PA	4,176	17,538	12,964,056
HI	5,420	17,369	1,441,553
NH	3,140	17,328	1,388,992
MN	1,383	17,300	5,707,390
NM	2,917	17,149	2,115,877
VA	6,026	17,128	8,642,274
IL	2,707	17,072	12,671,469
NY	1,087	17,019	19,835,913
MT	9,134	16,721	1,104,271
NC	-2,193	16,529	10,551,162
MD	8,233	16,418	6,165,129
CA	7,341	16,193	39,237,836
CT	4,108	16,116	3,605,597
AZ	6,196	15,990	7,276,316
IA	6,393	15,605	3,193,079
IN	5,401	15,322	6,805,985

WI	3,603	15,304	5,895,908
SD	10,922	14,947	895,376
MI	1,402	14,832	10,050,811
KS	-895	14,828	2,934,582
KY	2,712	14,519	4,509,394
RI	-3,438	14,248	1,095,610
CO	-574	14,132	5,812,069
NE	4,507	14,090	1,963,692
OH	5,464	13,418	11,780,017
MS	1,947	13,229	2,949,965
NV	1,266	12,546	3,143,991
TX	9,382	12,243	29,527,941
NJ	1,465	12,155	9,267,130
FL	-1,702	11,848	21,781,128
GA	5,267	11,677	10,799,566
DE	1,641	11,445	1,003,384
LA	454	11,438	4,624,047
SC	-2,174	11,211	5,190,705
AR	1,714	10,959	3,025,891
ND	10,263	10,729	774,948
MO	5,071	10,713	6,168,187
AL	6,154	10,550	5,039,877
TN	2,718	10,345	6,975,218
WY	12,667	10,290	578,803

Data last updated October 19, 2023 from samples collected during the week of October 09, 2023. Most recent data are subject to change.



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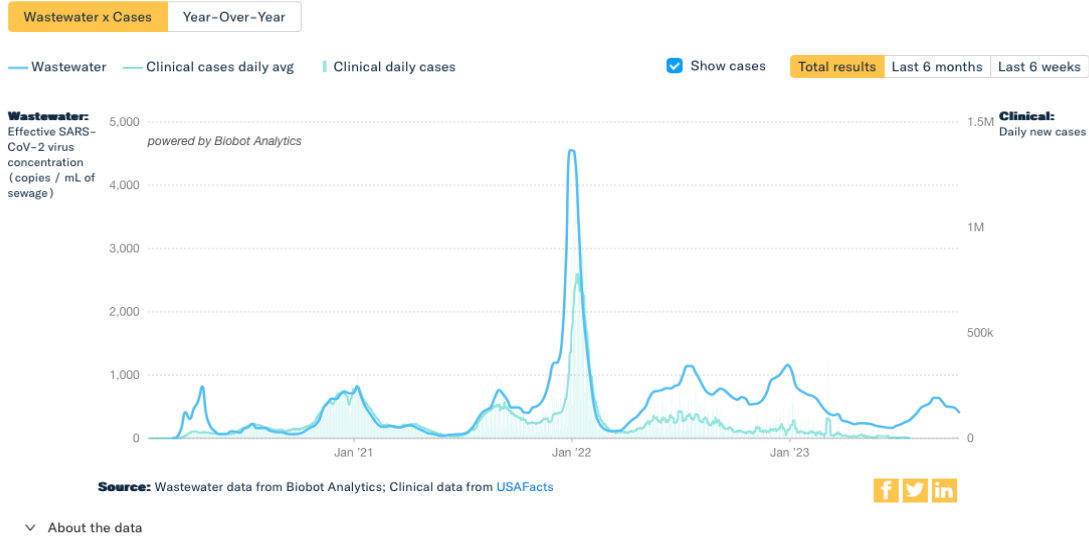


Figure S9: Case estimation performed by BioBot using viral concentration in wastewater.

### Daily COVID-19 tests per thousand people

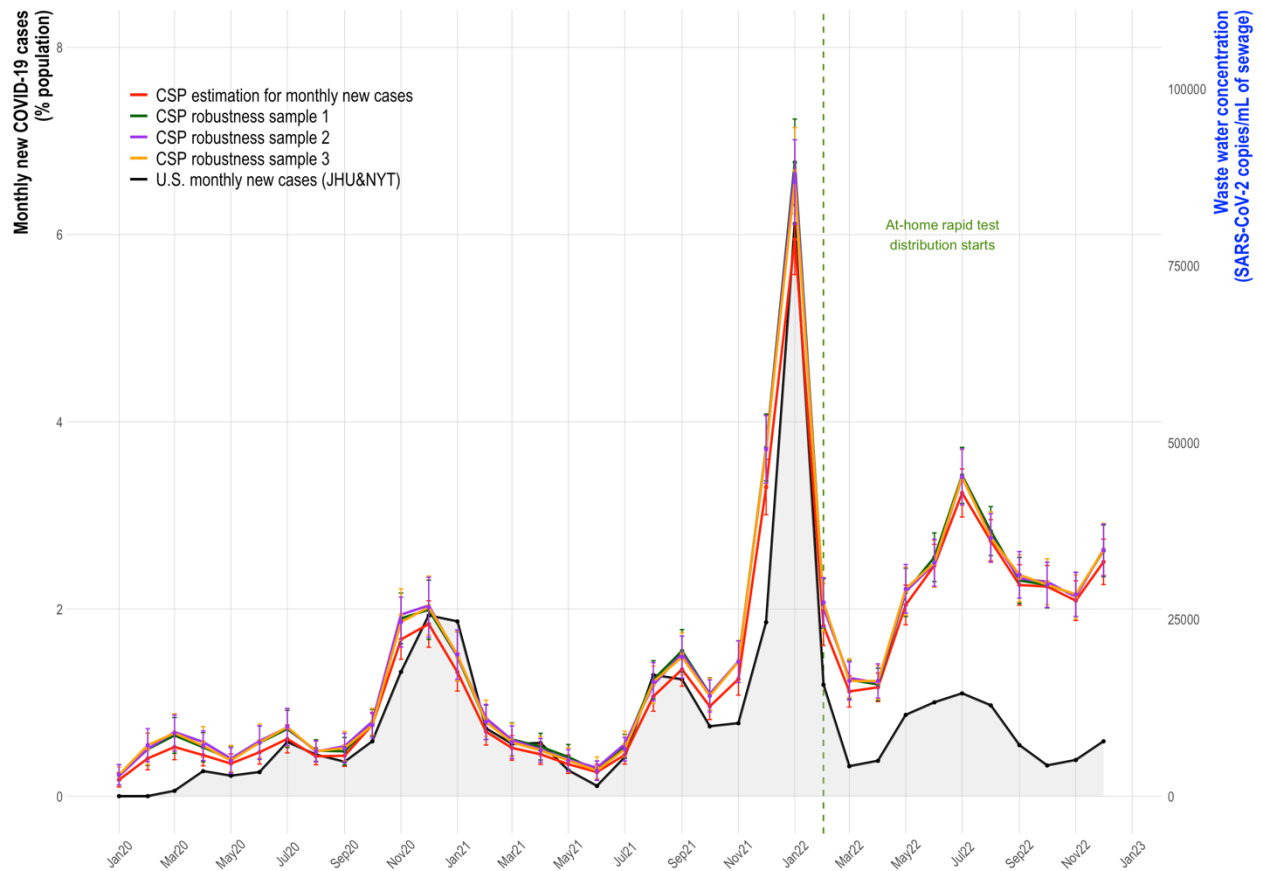
7-day rolling average. Comparisons across countries are affected by differences in testing policies and reporting methods.



**Figure S10.** Daily COVID-19 tests administered in the United States per thousand people. The data and the figure are from Our World In Data.

### Infection Curves Sensitivity Analysis (Excluding repeat respondents).

In order to assess the extent to which our results would vary when including repeat respondents (and potential repeat infections in our analysis), we conducted multiple experiments where we estimated the number of infections in a given point in time, by only including repeat respondents only once (chosen randomly) in our longitudinal analysis. The following plots show that the resulting infections curves estimated from these experiments are very similar to the one that was obtained from including repeat respondents.



**Figure S11.** Sensitivity analysis of infection curves obtained by only including repeat respondents only once (chosen randomly) in our longitudinal analysis.